

# MADRAS COURIER.

VOLUME XI. WEDNESDAY, MAY 6th. 1795. NUMBER 500.

It has been resolved, that all Advertisements, which appear under the Official Signature of either of the Secretaries of this Government, or of any other Officers of Government, properly authorized to Publish them in the MADRAS COURIER, or MADRAS GAZETTE, are meant, and must be deemed, to convey official and sufficient Notification of the Board's Orders and Resolutions, in the same manner, as if they were particularly specified to any Servant of the Company, or others to whom such orders and resolutions have a reference. Civil Department, Fort St. George: 24th December, 1794. ROBERT CLERK, Secretary.

### BOARD OF TRADE.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given, that Sealed Proposals will be received on or before the 15th Instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the Office of the Board of Trade, for the provision of the undermentioned Goods, viz.

Red Handkerchiefs,	1,000
Fuller's Red Handkerchiefs,	500
Mooraid Handkerchiefs,	500
Moloy Handkerchiefs,	100
Moore's ordinary Gingham,	300
Moore's fine Gingham, white Ground,	500
Moore's fine Gingham, coloured Ground,	700
Blue Handkerchiefs,	200
Blue Handkerchiefs, (spiced),	200

The tenders to specify the price per cove of each Assortment of Goods, the periods for the Advances of Cash, and the time for the delivery of the Goods at the Export Warehouse at the Presidency.

Responsible Security will be required for the due performance of the Contract, and a penalty of Twenty five per Cent. exacted on any deficiency in its completion.

Matters of the Goods may be seen at the Export Warehouse at Madras, and it is to be understood that no Goods that are pronounced by the Export Warehousekeeper to be unequal to Muster will be received on account of the Contract, the option of the Export Warehousekeeper, and taken at an abatement of Price proportionate to the inferiority of their fabric or dimensions.

The Proposals to be superscribed, in Tenders of Contract for the Provision of Goods of the Presidency Involvement.

By Order of the President and Members of the Board of Trade.

Fort St. George, 24th April, 1795. Secretary.

### THEATRE.

ON FRIDAY the 8th Instant, WILL BE PERFORMED, The Comedy of, **SEV STOOPS TO CONQUER.** OF THE **MISTAKE OF A NIGHT.** Five and Boxes 3 Pags. Gallery 3 Pagodas.

TICKETS to be had at the Theatre, at Mr. Forber's House in the Fort, and at the Counter Office, the House lately occupied by Lieutenant Bos, in Mr. Posham's Broad way. No Money will be taken at the Doors, but a Tent will be pitched opposite the Public Rooms where Tickets will be sold during the Performance.

\* Doors to be opened at six, and the performance to begin at half past seven o'clock precisely.

In order to the prevention of accident or confusion, it is particularly requested, that LADIES and GENTLEMEN will give directions to their Servants, for the entrance of their Carriages and Palanquins, by the Gate adjoining to Mr. White's Gardens, and their removal by the Gate near Mr. Woolf's Gardens; and also, that after riding down, they draw off, or remove, to the open space or square, opposite to the Public Rooms.

P. BOSCH, Secretary.

April 28th, 1795.

### ADVERTISEMENT.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application was this day made before the King's Ordinary, in the Hon. the Mayor's Court, at Madras, for Letters of Administration to the Estate and Effects of Poorsoondavally Wallana Moudally, deceased, to be granted to Poonammal, as Widow and Relict of the said deceased.

G. CHALMER, Proctor.

Fort St. George, 28th April, 1795.

### ADVERTISEMENT.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an Application was this day made before the King's Ordinary, in the Hon. the Mayor's Court, for Effects of Battafahly Heby, deceased, to be granted to Humand Sahy Heby, as Daughter and Heir to the said deceased.

GEORGE CHALMER, Proctor.

Fort St. George, 21st April, 1795.

### ACCOUNT CURRENT of PROMISSORY NOTES of the MADRAS GOVERNMENT, in the Month of APRIL, 1795.

Date.	Page. F. C.	Date.	Page. F. C.
1795.		1795.	
April 26th, To Amount of Promissory Notes, exchanged for Bengal Promissory Notes, at Six per Cent.	14,509 6 43	April 30th, By BALANCE, Being the Account of Promissory Notes in Circulation on the 1st April, 1795, as per Amount Published 4th April,	9,34,634 10 38
To BALANCE, Being the Amount of Promissory Notes in Circulation on the 1st April, 1795, and payable according to priority of date,	2,75,746 8 42	By Notes issued this Month as follows: at Six per Cent. 14th Nov. 416 5,000 0 0 17th 417 75 35 45 24th 418 5,000 0 0	17,800 35 46
PAGODAS 3,08,055 10 4		PAGODAS 3,08,055 10 4	

ERRORS EXCEPTED, ROBERT WOOLF, Accountant General.

Fort St. George, 30th April, 1795.

Messrs HOPE, CARD, AND CO. Have for Sale, TWO handsome Bengal Saddles of very superior workmanship, and construction, and perfectly well adapted for Gosh Horses, —, although they are remarkably strong, and durable, they are also very light, and easily drawn by Messrs. Hope, Card and Co. have also for sale, a capital, strong and handsome Waddy Horse, young, sound, and without vice.

ALSO, A Saddle Horse, an even pacer, perfectly found, and of a handsome figure.

\* For particulars, enquire of Messrs. Hope, Card, and Co. at their Counters in the North Street Fort St. George.

Mrs. ARMSTRONG, At his residence near the North Gate, has for Sale, a quantity of very excellent Run Shrub, which he has for sale, at the moderate rate of Two Pagodas the Gallon; in Quart Bottles, at Six and a half Pagodas the dozen; and in Pint Bottles, at Three and a half Pagodas the dozen.

ALSO, Stockdials, and Brown and Whitford's best English Claret, at Ten Pagodas the dozen. Fine Ale and Porter, in Bottles, at Two Pagodas the dozen. And fine Ale in Casks, at Fourteen Pagodas the Cask.

MONRO AND CO. Tailors and Habit-makers, &c. CARRY on the above Business as usual, at their House in the North Street.

THEY HAVE FOR SALE, Excellent Madeira in bottles, Dito French Claret in ditto, Dito Brandy in ditto, Dito Strong Pale Ale, in ditto, Dito Small ditto ditto, in ditto, Dito Port, in ditto.

ALSO, A quantity of Beugl Neck-cloths.

Fort Saint George, 6th May, 1795.

ADVERTISEMENT, To be Sold, ONE EIGHTH SHARE of the MADRAS COURIER and PRINTING PRESS, apply to Mr. P. M. CASSEY, at his Office in the Exchange. Madras, 3th May, 1795.

STABLING, To be Let on moderate terms, accompan'd with a well-fitted Stable, with landing for a Carriage. Enquire of Mr. Urquhart, at the Courier Office.

ADVERTISEMENT, STOLEN or Strayed on the Evening of the 2nd Instant, a small brindled Grey-hound Bitch, —, whoever can give information of the same to Mr. Cunningham at the Grove, or to the Printer of the Madras Courier, shall, if required receive a Reward of 50 Pagodas.

Madras:—28th April, 1795.

BROWN AND ASHTON, EXPECT in a few days, a consignment of the Newest Fashioned Sandy Harness from Calcutta.

THE MOUNT ASSEMBLY, WILL BE HELD AT THE RACE STAND, On Monday, the 11th of May, 1795. C. F. MANDEVILLE, SECRETARY.

TONTINE FOR CHILDREN. THE SUBSCRIBERS to this TONTINE on their Attornies are requested to meet at the SECRETARY'S OFFICE, on this day, the 6th Instant, at eleven o'clock in the Forenoon, for the Purpose of executing the Deed, and electing a Member of the Committee in the room of MAJOR HART, DRING GORDON and LUSHINGTON, SECRETARIES. Fort St. George: 1st May, 1795.

CIVIL FUND. THE Subscribers are requested to attend a General Quarterly Meeting, to be held at the Civil Secretary's Apartments, in the Fort Square, on the 8th Instant, at 11 o'clock, when it is particularly requested the Civil Servants at the Presidency will give their Attendance for the purpose of Electing new Trustees for the ensuing Year. By Order of the Trustees, CECIL SMITH, Sec. 6th April, 1795.

ADVERTISEMENT. CAPTAIN DE LETANG has the honor to inform his Friends and the Public, that the Treatise on Fartury formerly advertised, which he is about to publish, is in the Press, and will be ready for delivery in the course of next Month. As Captain Deletang purposes to have a List of Subscribers prepared to the Work, and Copies printed for them only, he requests those Gentlemen, whom may wish to have their Names, will be pleased to signify the same by a Line addressed to any of the undermentioned Gentlemen, or to Messrs. Brown & Aitton, Messrs. Dring, Cleland, & Co. Fort St. George, Calcutta, Mr. Chimney, Cuddalore, Colonel D'Elipinall, Tranquebar, Captain Deletang, Negapatam, Messrs. Wadell, & Co. Pondicherry, Mr. Hope, Trichinopoly, Mr. Peuce, Tanjore, Ltut. Walker, Killanahery, Ltut. Walker, Arcot, Messrs. Alexander & British, Masulipatanam, Pondicherry:—April 25th, 1795.

To be sold by Public Auction, BY ROBERT HENDERSON, AT HIS ROOMS NEAR THE WALLAJAH GATE, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 6th Instant, at 11 o'clock IN THE FORENOON, TWENTY-EIGHT dozen of Madeira, six years in India, Forty five and a half dozen old Jamaica Rum, Seventeen dozen of Cognac Brandy, Twenty-four dozen of Common ditto, Twenty two casks of Gin.

ALSO, A capital Horse, Bandy, and Harness complete, AND An elegant collection of Prints.

To be sold the same day, precisely at 12 o'clock, A large Pleasure Boat, called the Commemoration, laying at Enmore. She is Coppered, and a Prime Sailer.

To be sold by Public Auction, BY ROBERT HENDERSON, AT HIS ROOMS, NEAR THE WALLAJAH GATE, THIS DAY, Wednesday, the 6th of May, The following Articles, viz. TEN pieces of blue Satin, One ditto of Damask, Ten ditto of Lustings, Ten ditto of Taffetas, Five ditto Gauze, Two ditto Black Satin, Two hundred yards Kerfmeers, Two hundred ditto Marquis Cloth, Fifty ditto Camlet, AND Fifty Glass Buttons.

To be Sold by public Auction BY ROBERT HENDERSON, AT HIS ROOMS, NEAR THE WALLAJAH GATE, On Saturday next, the 9th Instant, At Eleven o'clock in the Forenoon, A LARGE quantity of Piece Goods, just arrived from China, viz. they chiefly consist of Balfacs, twenty-four cubits by two—Gadgets twenty cubits by one and three quarters, bleached and unbleached. Matters may be seen at the Auction room.

To be Sold by Public Auction, BY ROBERT HENDERSON, At the Godown fronting the Esplanade, near the Cour Godown, On Saturday next, the 9th Instant, At 5 o'clock in the Afternoon, By Order of Messrs. Cheff, Sewell, and Chaff, A QUANTITY of condemned Sails, Riggs, and Cordage, landed from the Majesty's Ships. The particulars of which will be made known by Hand-bills previous to the sale. To be put up in small Lots, for the convenience of the Public. The Lots to be paid for, and cleared away in five days, after the sale, in default thereof, they will be re-sold at the risk and expense of the first purchaser.

To be Sold by Public Auction By Messrs. SHARP and HEBENKE, AT THEIR ROOMS, To-morrow, THURSDAY, the 9th Instant, AT 11 o'clock, THE UNDERMENTIONED HOUSE-HOLD FURNITURE, Belonging to a Gentleman, returned to England, THREE Mahogany Book-cases, with Drawers, One dozen Black wood Chairs, Six Teak-wood Chairs, One Teak wood Cot, One China Couch, Two small Camp Tables, One pair of Shute Stands, and two Shades, Two PICTURES, one the Trial of Warren Hastings, Engrure, in a gilt burnished Frame, and the other a Moon-light View of Roshild, done by Daniel, One Nest safe, A valuable Collection of Books, A Chart of the East Indies, by Samuel Dunn, Some Silver Plate, Glass and Queens' ware, &c.

AND An elegant French Clock, On the same day will be sold, A capital Horse from the Nizam's country, good remarkably well under a Saddle—He is four, and about 7 years old.

FOR PRIVATE SALE, BY MESSRS. SHARP AND HEBENKE. A FEW PIES of London Market Madeira, at 100 Pags. per Pipe, Very good Madeira, at 140 Pags. per Pipe. Gin, in Casks, at 60 Pags. per Cask. Very Old Jamaica Rum, at 5 Pags. per Dozen. English Claret, at 10 Pags. per Hutto. Brandy, at 40 Fanams, per gallon. Batavia Arrack, 35 Pags. per Leaguer, &c.

ALSO Six double fortified Brandy 6 Pounder with Curnags, complete, One Hundred shot, for ditto, Ten Iron Swivel, and one Hundred shot, for ditto, About Thirty Water Butts, AND A Quantity of staves, and Iron Hoops,

MADRAS COURIER.

THE PUBLIC are respectfully informed that in consequence of a new Arrangement which has been made for the Management of the MADRAS COURIER PRESS, all Advertisements which may be intended for Insertion in the Courier, or order which may relate to the same will in future be received by Mr. JOHN HENDER, at the TRISTE BANK, who has undertaken the AGENCY, and will pay every necessary attention to the business of that Press.

Fort St. George: 18 May, 1795.

TO THE PUBLIC.

A most immediate Interest in the MADRAS COURIER having devolved on the EDITOR of that Paper; he has removed, with the consent of the PROPRIETORS, the Printing Materials, and Preface to the commodious Premises adjoining to Mr. POTTER'S House in the Black Town, that he may be able to give to the Business of that Concern a life Abstracted, and less divided Attention.—The EDITOR would not think it degrading to become in him, on every Right occasion, to receive the Remuneration with professions which he would not possibly be empowered to carry into Effect—or to make Acknowledgments for Favors, which possibly he never may receive, and which possibly he may never merit. He will content himself therefore, with promising what he well knows he can perform—to keep the same even track of Politics, to observe the same unflinching Tenour of private conduct, which he has retained from the commencement, and during the Continuation of the EDITORIAL EXISTENCE. This the EDITOR hopes will secure what he has—and as it may be considered in publishing his usual Sentiments, which are out of his limited Powers—he would confess, that he is more anxious of securing the old Friends and established Patrons of the Courier, than of sowing as fresh Acquirers; but if good Fortune notwithstanding his Demerits, should recommend him to any accession of public favor or private regard, he could he will have sensibility sufficient to look as he ought, the honor which he may derive, and enough of gratitude, to express his usual Acknowledgments for the Good which may result from it.

CORRESPONDENCE.

We have to hope that our READERS will excuse any inaccuracies, or omissions which may appear in the COURIER of this day, as proceeding not from a want of attention on our part, but from that derangement which is the inevitable result of the removal of a Printing Office.

THE COURIER.

MADRAS—May 6th. 1795.

THE EMBASSY to the Court of Pegue, is, we are informed by the late arrival from the Embassy, likely to be attended with consequences peculiarly beneficial to the interests of Commerce in this country, and eventually to the general interests of Great Britain.

CAPTAIN SYMES, the Ambassador, from the Supreme Government, to the King of Pegue, had arrived at Rangoon some time prior to the departure of the Phoenix; and having announced to the Minister, Resident at that Port, the nature of his charge, and the chief objects of his mission, the same were soon after transferred to his Majesty, and a day fixed on which Captain Symes was to proceed to the Court of Ava, in order to his laying before the King, certain propositions for a permanent alliance, and a cessation of interests with those of the Honorable Company, the admission of a British Resident at Rangoon, and a free intercourse and trade between his Majesty's Subjects, and the English.

To these propositions, it was said, his Majesty would readily assent, as promising objects which he had long been desirous of attaining.

The American Ship *Twice*, Captain Almedar arrived from Philadelphia on the 24th inst. Capt. Almedar, states the whole of the United Provinces, as enjoying internal Tranquillity, and increasing Prosperity, at the time of his departure.

The *Phoenix*, Captain Newton, arrived from Pegue on the 25 Instant.

Major Dunwoody's detachment, we are informed, by Letters of recent date, was nearly approaching the strong hold of the Malaccan Killy, at the time when those Letters were written, and that the final doubt, entertained of the Major's ultimate success.

Amongst the articles of European Intelligence, detailed in our present Courier, we are sorry that few of them present a favorable aspect, in respect to the war, into which we were impelled by the ferocious acts of a sanguinary *Fa-tin* in France; but that factum, we are happily add, has now lost its wonted influence.—*Fa-tin* is no more.

Major Duff, who has been appointed by Government, to the command of the whole of the troops in the Nizamian district, during the indisposition of Colonel Pennington.

KING'S TROOPS.

His Majesty's 75th Regiment was received at Bombay, by Colonel Balfour, on the 7th ultimo, after which the following Orders were issued:—  
“The Commanding Officer of the Forces was perfectly well pleased with the behaviour of his Majesty's 75th Regiment at the Review this morning. Their discipline and military appearance reflect great credit upon Capt. McKenzie and the Officers and Men under his Command.”

An Elephant, of a particular and valuable species, has been brought on the Phoenix, Captain Newton, from Rangoon—A present from his Majesty of Pegue, to his Highness the Nabob of the Carnatic.

The Phoenix lately arrived from Rangoon, was built at that place by Captain Newton, and appears a model of Naval Architecture, far superior to any we have hitherto seen on the Bayward.

Nothing further has transpired since our late statement of the expected Peace, between the Nizam and the Maharras.

The Weather in the Northern part of the Bay, has been during the late month, unusually boisterous, attended with thunder, Lightning, and frequent heavy gales of wind, in consequence of which, several Ships have been obliged to put back, amongst which, were informed are the *Dora Packet*, the *Indian Viceroy*, and *Lafone*, *Singar Ship*, the *Harriet*, Captain Bagshaw, the *Septima*, *Relief*, and several other Country Ships, the names of which have not yet transpired.

A LIGHT HOUSE, we are informed, is to be erected on the Exchange, and on a plan which has been highly spoken of.

Gilfillan's excellent COMEDY of THE STROKE OF CONSCIENCE, a variety of Rehearsals, which have overcome all the superior abilities of the Performer, will, we doubt not, be particularly pleasing to the Amateurs of the Drama, in its appearance on Friday next.

The next TOWN ASSEMBLY, will be held at the Race Grand on Monday, the 14th Instant.

The ships *Captiva*, Captain Barber, and the *Myford*, Captain Egan, arrived at Bombay from Bengal on the 13th ultimo.

A Correspondent from the northward, mentions the dreadful appearance of the country, lately the field of contest, between the Nizam and Maharras—as—the whole country covered with dead, and mangled, and scorched planders, driving away large herds of all kinds of cattle from the Nizam's territories into that of the Maharras, villages pillaged and destroyed—in short the face of the Country exhibits nothing but a scene of Asiatic devastation, and Regal ruin.

GREAT NEWS.

From the India Gazette.

THE EDITOR of the India Gazette, and of that paper only, (for he is not the Editor of the Bengal General Gazette, who placed the *Courier* in a *False* *Notion*, nor is he the Editor of the *Calcutta Chronicle* who wrote an *Essay* on that extraordinary circumstance, and the denial of truth) declares in his Gazette of the 20th Inst. as follows:—

“The Brig *Mercy* Capt. Williams, is arrived at Bagiam, shortly after the *Mercy* weighed anchor from Madras, and Capt. Williams saw the *Smallpox Packet*, standing in for the Roads.”

“What has become of the *Smallpox*, since the became visible to the *Nautical Officer* of the *Smallpox*, we cannot pretend to say, but imagine the month here proceeded to *Frederick*, in order to join his Majesty's good ship the *Courier*—Certes the *Smallpox* did not appear into us, nor into the *Beach Master*, himself, who has a Seaman's *Beach*, and is ready to swear, if required, that Capt. Williams, and the *Jovial Cook*, who is the Editor of the Gazette, are equally unbumbered in Vision and Intellect.

SUPREME COURT CALCUTTA.

Arrangements and Appointments.

FRANCIS MACNAGHTER, Esq. has resigned his office of *Master*, and *Accountant General*.

THOMAS SCOTT, Esq. has resigned his office of *Keeper of the Records*, and EDWARD MORRIS, Esq. has resigned his offices of *Examining on the Debits*, *Escheq. Fiscal*, and *Admiralty Fiscal* of the Court.

MR. MORRIS has been appointed *Master*, MR. MACNAGHTER *Examining*, and MR. SCOTT, *Accountant General*.

Duan, the accuser of, and witness against, Mr. Thomas Walker and others, of Manchester, has stood in the pillory at Launceston, for perjury, pursuant to his sentence.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

G. O. BY GOVERNMENT, Fort St. George: 30th 29th 95.

Mr. Spalding, Surgeon, appointed to do duty with the detachment serving in the district of Vizagapatam, and on his arrival, Mr. Flemming will proceed to his Station at Castam.

The Invalids, Pensioners, and French Prisoners at Malapattam, are under the care of Mr. Alexander Anderson, Surgeon to the 4th Battalion of European Infantry.

1st May, 1795.

The detachment serving with his Highness the Nizam, to march to Beera, and on their arrival at that Station, Major Roberts will direct the 8th Battalion and the Company of Artillery, with the ordnance and Stores, to proceed to Malapattam, and remain there until further orders.

Capt. Bell to accompany the Artillery to Malapattam. Major Roberts with the 20th Battalion will continue his Route to the Presidency. The Right Honourable the President in Council has great pleasure in expressing his approbation of the Conduct of Major Roberts, and of the Officers and Men composing the above detachments, during their residence in the Nizam's Country.

Capt. Lalsade, leaving his eldest Subaltern, and one other, with four complete Companies of the 15th Battalion at Malapattam, to march with the other four Companies, immediately upon the Vizagapatam District, by such route as shall be directed by Major Dunwoody, and on the arrival of the Artillery, Ordnance, and Stores with the 8th Battalion at Malapattam, the remainder of the 15th Battalion to proceed in like manner to Vizagapatam.

The Officer Commanding the Northern Division of the Arms is directed on the application of Major Dunwoody, to order Captain Bell, with one Subaltern, one Sergeant, two Corporals, two Gunners, one Drummer, and Engineer, Matrosses, or such parts thereof as Major Dunwoody may require, with a due proportion of Letters and such Ordnance as may be necessary, to proceed with the remainder of the 11th Battalion into the Vizagapatam District. Major Dunwoody will in consequence signify to the Officer in Command of the Northern Division, whether he requires, or what proportion of the remainder of Artillery. The additional Companies attached to the 28th, and 50th Battalions to remain till further orders with their respective Corps.

COMPANY'S PAPERS.

The Premium on eight per cent. Promissory Notes, has risen at Calcutta twenty six per cent. and the Bar of account on six per cent. Notes, has risen to three per cent.

THE Honourable Company's Cruiser, the *Fly*, arrived on the 6th ultimo at Bombay from Grain, which place she left on the 21st of March.

Although the *Fly*, had remained a month at Grain, we do not learn that Mr. MANNING had, during that period, received a single despatch from Europe; she has however brought *English Papers* of no late date as the 26th of November, and *Continental Gazette*, to the 23rd of the same month.

The heads of Intelligence contained in those Papers, are detailed in some Extracts from the *Bombay Gazette*, of the 13th of April—but we have also thankfully to acknowledge the obliging communication of several Extracts of Private Letters, received by this conveyance.

The few Continental papers received by the *Fly*, contain little more than our last advices, the political horizon of Europe, exhibits much the same horrid scene.—The French still seem to prevail, at Valenciennes, Metz, and Hohenlieden have surrendered to their arms, and a considerable part of Holland has been hid under water to prevent their further success.

MR. PAGEL, Grand Secretary of Holland, has arrived in England, it is said, charged with a Commission, to inform to the British Government the necessity of an IMMEDIATE PEACE with France, and that should our Court not be inclined to concur in a general pacification, that Holland will treat separately by and for itself.

“To this we are inclined to give much Credit, as it is well known that Great Britain declared War against France as a principal virtue of our treaty to Guarantee the Dutch, and particularly the Navigation of the Scheldt; how far it was political in the first instance, it is not for us to determine, we will leave our readers to judge, from the opposition it met with in the *BRITISH SENATE*—It is but however natural to believe, that if Dutchmen can negotiate a treaty, such as they are satisfied with, that Great Britain in that case will follow the example.

By the *Fly*, we learn that the famous *Lafayette* of Paris, had been taken a prisoner by the French, and that the President, who agreed to the terms of a pacific policy put into his eyes,—he expired a few days afterwards.

MR. BENTLEY, is mentioned as having experienced a violent attack of the gout, at Bath, from which he had perfectly recovered.

NAVAL ACTION.

The only NAVAL ACTION, worthy of record which has taken place, since that, which gave to the Gallant though youthful son of *Lord Driffield* a grave, *prematurely* adorned with *never-fading laurels*—took place in the British Channel late in the month of October, between the *ARCTOS* of 44 guns, commanded by Captain *Edmund Hoyle*, a gentleman nearly related to the Right Honourable *Edmund Hoyle*, and the National Frigate, *REVOLVER* of 1818, of equal force, commanded by *Captain Lewman*—when, after an action of two hours of unprecedented slaughter, and mutual destruction, the *REVOLVER* struck to the superior prowess, and fell in *great tactics*, displayed by the gallant crew of the British Frigate.

THE DUKE OF YORK.

The Duke of York was fitted in our former accounts to have been encamped on the desolate island of *Brabant*—His Highness's gallant demeanor had deserved a better fate—and subsequent accounts inform us, that having with his army made a movement, in order to cover the town of *Utrecht*, at that time closely besieged by the French armies, he failed in his generous attempt—and of consequence was obliged to make a precipitate retreat,—a river obstructed that retreat, over which a temporary bridge was instantly and adroitly thrown, and by means of which the English reached the opposite shore in safety—scarcely had they gained the wished-for land, when the bridge gave way in the centre—and 3000 Austrians and Dutch, crowded on it, fell to the ground—while 2000 Dutchmen remaining on the opposite bank, were made prisoners of war.

KOSCIUSKO.

The reports of the defeat and capture of the brave *Kosciusko*, are to be treated merely as reports; unfounded in truth or probability, as, in the first instance will be manifested from the following extracts, and secondly, from the affirmations of *Continental Gazette* of the 1st, 3d, and the 5th of November, which are replete with assertions of the repeated successes attendant on the arms of that gallant officer, and his war-like, but much injured countrymen.

BRESLAW, Sept. 14.

“Private letters from Poland assure us, that the King of Prussia has entered into negotiation with the *Russians*, and that we return consequent *truce* and of this month.”

The EXPERIMENT Captain *Spence*, remained at Grain, at the time of the *Fly's* departure nor was it known when the word leave that Port—Intelligence of an interesting nature, may consequently be expected on the arrival of the Experiment—Bombay.

LORD MACARTNEY, we are happy to learn, by the last recent English Papers, had, with *Sir George Mack*, and *Suite*, returned in *France* in good health; his Lordship resumed his seat in the *Privy Council* on the 18th of October.

LONDON—October 16th.

“Mr. Pin knee one of the Commissioners from the States of America, had a conference with Mr. Pitt the day before yesterday, on the subject of the Negotiations now on the Carpet, and the event of which it is still hoped will consolidate the peace between the two States.

The mortality among the Fleets and Armies of Great Britain, in the West Indies, has been dreadful beyond all former record, 400 have been despatched perished on board a single ship—the *Scepter*.

FRENCH POLITICAL DATA.

Among the many recent *Adresses* presented to the *Convention*, we have to observe one, which concludes with the following observations,—which did they not address unreasonably, to our own country, we must allow to breath a general sentiment of laudable philanthropy.

“Our enemies have entirely evacuated the territory of France; and the public ought not to smother conquests: she has proved to the *league* *despot*, that she is capable of resisting them; but the ought not to carry his opinions among *other nations*, nor armed with the sword and the torch, to force them to adopt them.

“Our legislature will make England a nation of *barbours*, when the liberty they claim at establishing in France, shall be accompanied by *justice*—by a *respect* for the *Law*—and by a *respect* of *property*—when the terms which has so long prevailed, shall give shall place to *public happiness* and *prosperity*.”

NAMES OF OFFICERS KILLED. In the list given made by Sir Charles Grey, on the 18th of Grand Terce, at the Island of Guadalupe. Captain Roberton of the Royal Navy; Lieutenant Colonel Groom, 45th Regiment; Captain Armstrong, 8th ditto; Captain Cook, 15th ditto; Captain Groves, 15th ditto; Capt. Morrison, 58th ditto; Lieut. North, 8th ditto; Lieut. Lowther, 12th ditto; Lieut. Cricker, 15th ditto; Lieut. Morrison 40th ditto; and Lieut. Troby, 65th ditto.

HIGH TREASON.

LONDON—Friday, Oct. 3.

Pursuant to adjournment, the Court sat this morning at 10 o'clock, in order to receive a Bill from the Gentlemen of the Grand Jury. The Judges who attended were, the Chief Baron, and Mr. Justice Grose. As the Grand Jury, however, had found no bill, the chief Baron ordered the Court to be adjourned till Monday next at 10 o'clock.

The court sat, pursuant to adjournment; at two o'clock the Gentlemen of the Grand Jury, in their first presentation:

Names of the persons against whom true Bills are found for. H. H. REASON. Thomas Hardy, Thomas Holcroft, John Horne Tooke, John Rignier, J. Augustus Boney, Matthew Moore, Edward Kidd, John Theobald, Jeremiah Joice, Richard Holton, Thomas Ward, John Baxter.

All these persons are included in one Bill, which was presented to the Grand Jury. Some of them are still at large. The foreman said, he had been desired by all the other Gentlemen of the Grand Jury, to request of his Lordship, that he would order the necessary charge, he had delivered to be printed; and that charge, he had delivered without notes, he hoped to be able to comply with their request.

Mr. Holcroft, one of the persons indicted for High Treason addressed the Court as follows: "MY LORDS, Having been informed that a bill for High Treason had been presented against me, I have been returned to the Court, and am now standing in the dock, my guilt may be very notorious, and, if I am an innocent man, that my conduct and principles may be equally clear. And I hope, my Lord, it will not be wanting in me to say, that after I have been suspected, it is the first wish of my heart, to be thought to a fair, full, and a public examination."

"I have a request, my Lord, that you will be kind enough to inform me, whether it has not been the practice, in these cases, both to assign counsel, and to suffer the accused to speak in his own defence; likewise, whether free access will not be given to all persons, books and papers, which shall be thought necessary for the accused, or his counsel, for his justification."

"With regard to the first point upon the assignment of counsel, it will be the duty of the Court to assign you counsel. Sir, with respect to the access of counsel, it will be also the duty of the Court to direct that there should be free access to the party accused, by his counsel, at all reasonable hours. With respect to the liberty of speaking for himself; undoubtedly, the party accused will be fully heard by himself, as well as by his counsel; and with respect to the directions for papers, books and other things of that kind, it is impossible for me to say anything precisely to that, till the particular thing required is asked. I will then do that which shall be necessary and useful to the party accused, in order to make his defence. If I understand you right, Sir, you now admit you are the person indicted by the name of Thomas Holcroft (Mr. Holcroft, yes, my Lord); and as such you come to surrender yourself. I can only accept of that surrender, on the supposition that you are that person. You know the consequence of being charged with High Treason. I shall be under the necessity of ordering you into custody. That is your affair. I would not have any advantage of you, in coming forward in this manner, without being called on by the ordinary process of the law, nor should have a moment to confer, whether you will surrender yourself as the party accused. If you do, I must order you into custody."

Mr. Holcroft—"My Lord, it certainly is not my wish, either to inflict unnecessary punishment on myself, or to appear to put myself forward on this occasion. I come only as Thomas Holcroft, of Newmarket-Street, in the county of Middlesex. If that be the man in the indictment, I am that man. I certainly have no wish to stand more forward than it is meant that I or any other man should stand forward."

President—"Sir, I cannot enter into these points. If you do admit yourself to be the party indicted, the consequence will be, to order you to take into custody, to answer to that charge. I do not know whether you are or are not the person. It is impossible for me to know it."

Mr. Holcroft—"It is equally impossible for me, my Lord."

President—"Then, Sir, you had better sit, still. His any thing being moved on the part of the Crown with respect to his gentlemen, I will not allow any other motion to be made by any body."

Mr. Solicitor General—"I consider this gentleman as the pretor against whom an indictment for High Treason has been preferred, and therefore move that he may be committed."

President—"Do you know his person?"

Solicitor General—"I do not."

President—"I do not know how many persons there may be of the name of Thomas Holcroft. And it would be a very extraordinary thing to commit Mr. Holcroft for this charge, if you are not sure he is the person."

Mr. Holcroft—"I submit, my Lord, that this gentleman, having stated that he is the person against whom a true bill has been found, that he is ready to be put on his trial, and his having asked your Lordship whether counsel would be assigned to him, and whether they would have free access to him, I should apprehend that was a sufficient acknowledgement, out of his own mouth, that he is the person defined in the indictment preferred."

President—"That does not signify. Do the counsel for the Crown think fit to move that this gentleman, now present in Court, may be committed?"

Solicitor General—"I move that he may be committed."

President—"He must therefore stand committed."

A Sheriff's Officer accordingly took Mr. Holcroft into custody, and was ordered to take him, after the rising of the Court, to Newgate.

President—"Are you now prepared, Mr. Holcroft, to name your counsel?"

Mr. Holcroft—"I have your name, my Lord, as an attorney for Mr. Holcroft, I name Mr. Esdaile and Mr. Gibbs. I also move, that some gentlemen may be assigned to John Theobald and John Baxter."

President—"Have you applied to them?"

Mr. Holcroft—"I have, my Lord."

President—"Then make out such an order, that Mr. Esdaile and Mr. Gibbs may be counsel for these persons, and that they may have free access to them; and I will sign it."

John Pierce requested that he might be permitted to attend Mr. John Martin. He said he was his articled clerk, and without his assistance he did not think his master would be able to proceed on his trial.

Solicitor General—"I must object to this application, as this gentleman is bound over to appear."

President—"Till some charge is preferred against him, I can prevent him."

Mr. Holcroft—"My Lord, I have a request that my servant may be permitted to have access to me."

President—"That is a sort of thing that is quite new. I do not know that a request of that sort was ever made, unless the state of the party's health required it."

Mr. Holcroft—"I did not know it was an unusual thing, otherwise I should not have asked for it."

President—"It is extremely probable, if your servant is a paper person, that a reasonable intercourse will be permitted."

Mr. Holcroft—"My Lord, without taking up two minutes of your Lordship's time, [President—Sir, there is no necessity for any apology: my time is devoted to the Public, of which you are a part.] I will tell your Lordship why I am desirous my servant should have access to me. He is my amanuensis, and it has been my habit to dictate my thoughts to him; and it would be extremely convenient for me, my Lord, to be indulged in that habit, provided it be not contrary to the established usage of the Courts in these cases."

President—"I am afraid it is quite contrary to every established usage. Such a person could be of no use to you, unless he make a representation of it to those who have the power of indulging more than I have, sitting here."

Mr. Holcroft—"My Lord, I wish to have no indulgence. I wish to have what is just, and no more."

President—"I cannot make the order." The Court adjourned till Thursday next, at ten o'clock.

MARQUIS HOWE.

LORD HOWE'S Fleet, was said to consist of only twenty-seven sail of the Line; not from a want of ships, with which our navy was amply stored, but of Men-of-War, which the British Fleet had been stripped of all their hands, and the impress on the Thames had been the most unremitting ever known.

The French Fleet, consisting of thirty-three Line of Battle Ships, had sailed from Brest; they were distinctly seen by the Honourable Captain Carpenter of the British Frigate, who had been stationed off Wexford Harbour, and narrowly escaped them—Lord Howe, on receiving the above intelligence had returned to Torbay in order to procure a reinforcement, for which he is said to have written to the Admiralty in the most forcible terms.

In the foreign Gazettes received at Bombay by the late Packets, much space is devoted to a dispute that has taken place between the Courts of Sweden and Naples, upon the Subject of Baron d'Armfeldt, who upon the Conficts of Rodensfeld, and Stralsund (Ettlingen) have been considered of head in a conspiracy to effect a revolution in Sweden; the Court of Stockholm complains that the King of Naples by protecting the Baron, has freed a Traitor from public Justice—the King of Naples on the other hand, contends that in the measures employed to arrest the Baron in his Territory, were violated the laws of Nations, and the respect due to his regal dignity; the King of Naples, in his Memorial, Manifesto, an correspondence that has passed upon this important subject, are dictated in a tone of reproach and defiance, that render it very doubtful whether the discussion will have an amicable termination.

Mr. HASTINGS's honorable acquittal, was spoken of as certain, on the resumption of Parliament.

Lady Coote, was said to have been married to Colonel Owen, late of this establishment, prior to the forwarding of the last despatches from Europe.

Sir George Staunton, it was reported, would return to India, with a particular appointment, early in the ensuing season.

Lord Crauford is appointed the Naval Commander in Chief, in the West Indies, vice Admiral Ford, who returns to England.

THE PRINCE OF WALES, has lately deserted that Party, once termed "the opposition"—and has taken an active part at the Council Board, in concert with His Majesty's Ministers.

General Meadows, was spoken of as being high in the confidence of his Sovereign, and it was said he would be appointed Commander in Chief, in Ireland, in the room of General Cornwallis.

SIR RICHARD STRAGHAN, prior to his resigning the Command of his Regiment, had been Invested with the Red Ribbon by His Majesty—the Command on the Irish Station has also been offered to him, but was declined—Sir Richard observing, "it was altogether too venal."

SWITZERLAND—Sept. 16.

The Sovereign Council of this country has been extraordinarily assembled; it is thought for the purpose of taking some resolution with respect to the French Emigrants. A pretended Council has been arrested, for having counterfeited the signature of the French resident Barthelmie, and expended false passports in his name. One Colonne has been accused of having formed a plot to plunder the Treasury of Berne. The new Revolutionary order in Geneva has made a very favourable impression all over the Pays de Vaud; all the malcontents have reconciled themselves with Government. The Swiss Officers who have quitted the French service, exchange their military decorations for money, which is given by the Convention. Some of them have received the amount of 40,000 florins.

The Count de Forstenberg, Lieutenant-Colonel in his Prussian Majesty's service, and Adjutant of his Serene Highness the Prince de Hohenzollern, was mortally wounded in the Battle, and died in consequence thereof at Frauenthoron the 23th of the last month. This excellent young man, regretted by all who knew him, fell a victim to his humanity. He had granted life to a Frenchman, who had thrown down his arms, and was returning from the field of battle, when his ferocious enemy took up his sword, and, firing from behind, shot him in a manner as cowardly as barbarous. General Blugher, who had taken the same generosity, had the good fortune to be missed by a soldier, whose life he had likewise granted. The unhappy soldier often repented in this unhappy war, to be able to make the Allies know what is the militia, and what are the moralities of a people, among which, for the last five years, crimes have obtained the appellation of virtues, and villains the honour of dedication.

THE CHOUANS.

It appears from the English Papers of October 1st, that the Chouans have collected the remnants of the party of M. de la Rouverie, who was to have been the leader of the *Armée* that was to be excited in Brittany, at the epoch when that of La Vendée broke out; but the death of the chief unfortunately occasioned the secret of the confederation to be discovered, through the treachery of his physician.

Many of his adherents were gullioned; but such as were able to save themselves fled into the forests of Poitiers and Vienne, where they joined the Chouans, since the death of La Roche Jacquelin, were obliged to re-pass that river, a number of them remained with the Chouans, and gave them arms.

It is from that epoch that they have appeared on a respectable footing, and have attracted the public attention. Some distinguished Officers, such as Messrs. De Puiers, De la Beardonnette, De Bousigniers, &c. are at their head. They have got acquainted with the malcontents of Morbihan, and several other places in Brittany.

They could march towards the coast, if a descent were determined upon; and as they are nearer than the Royalists of La Vendée, it is with them that measures should be concerted. Their position in the woods, marshes, and bogs, renders it impracticable for the most powerful forces, during the winter, to penetrate to their retreat; so that in the spring they would be found in full force.

DUKE OF YORK.

His Royal Highness the Duke of York published a General Order on the 23d Sept. at his usual quarters at Grosvenor, of which the following are the contents:

"It is with the greatest regret, that his Royal Highness thinks himself obliged once to order the severest measures, to be pursued, in order to put a stop to the most shameful acts of violence and plunder, which dishonour the army under his command. His Royal Highness is so strongly convinced of the necessity of this severity, since five men of the 38th regiment, discovered yesterday in the act of plundering, have actually been condemned to death by a Court Martial, which sentence, out of humanity only, his Highness mitigated into a life-long punishment, His Highness, in order to prevent such dishonourable excesses for the future, ordains, that whenever a soldier should be detected in the act of plundering, the *Private* *Master*, with his assistants is charged to execute the offender upon the spot; and in case of his absence of the Provost, that he should, instead of being brought, shall be *sent* *for*. Beside the publication, His Royal Highness thinks it his duty to exhort the Officers of the army under his command, and to request of them, as they value the national character of being their duty to write their personal honour to that of his Majesty's service, as well as to that of their country, to prevent all violence and pilfering, of which, unhappily, they but too often have hitherto been the eye-witnesses; and to prevent which, nothing is so necessary as a strict Military Discipline.

His Highness wishes not to be under the necessity of taking any severe measures against the Officers; His Highness will expect the above order punctually executed, particularly by the commanders of regiments, and will certainly give information to his Majesty, if, by their neglect, the disorders should continue, which, by this general order his Royal Highness endeavours to put an end to.

The misfortunes which the King of Prussia experiences in Poland; and the large detachments of troops he is obliged to send to *Silesia*, and other parts of his dominions, for their protection, have obliged him to withdraw most, if not all his troops from the Rhine.

BIRTH.

Lately, the Lady of Benjamin Sullivan, Esq. Attorney General, of a Daughter.

ARRIVALS.

April 27, Ship Hope M'Kenzie Calcutta, 28, Ship Yarmouth, Thompson Ditto, 29, Ship India, Ahmed, Philadelphia, Ship Shaw Byron Young, Pondicherry, 1 May 2, Ship Revenge, Smith, Ganjam, Snow Castle Durgas, Timher Batavia, Ship Pelton Newson, Pondicherry, 6, Snow Generous friend, Sparrow Misulipatam.

DEPARTURES.

27, Ship Restoration, Gallovey, Madulipatam, Snow Mercury, Woodcock Coringa, 30, Brig Nimble, Northward, May 4, Snow Phoenix, Thornton Peque,



POETRY.

FOR THE COURIER.

The exulting Power of Love.

HASTE dear! Maid! and view a light indeed!  
Halt and behold upon the verdant plain,  
Where Love exulting glows,  
And waves his purple wings;

What wails the Archer? neither Dart nor Bow  
Are near him laid; nought save a fiken fane  
Which the Archer spreads  
Beneath the Myrtle's shade.

Stay! thoughtless Child! nor like those cruel Elves  
By Mortals called School boys, joy in woe!  
Oh, spare the Orphan's cries,  
And widowed Mother's tears!

Snave and contemplate, how they jounce rove  
As fancy rises bids them, do not go  
To aft a Demons, part,  
Delighting to defray.

"He seeks me not EIZAL! fee the fring  
"Enfold the fluttering warblers, Cupid springs  
"With Rapture in his Eyes,  
"Triumphant on his prey,

"Stay yet infatiate Boy, thy Poisonous Hand,  
"In Pity melt and let the Puffers free;  
"For Venus foot would weep  
"To view a Deed fo rude.

"Though slender Threads around their pretty  
"Legs  
"Thou sportive bindest; softly let them fly!  
"Thank, gentle Cupid, thanks,  
"For this thy tender gift.

"But fure the Threads which round them thou had  
"cast,  
"Will much impede the Rovers in their flight?  
"Ah no! for fee each Thread  
"Around a favourite Twine,

"And the enamoured pairs seek Hymen's Aid:  
"The roly God defends, and from his plumes;  
"Shakes Happiness and Peace,  
"O'er all the festive Scene."

Alas, Love is not as thou frowest! the Fair,  
The gentle Blessings which from Cupid spring,  
How didst thou figh to think  
That Fortune was thy Foe.

LORENZO.

NATIONAL CONVENTION.

the 7th of October.

The Popular Society of Marseilles, regenerated, thanked the Convention for its Decree of the 27th Sept, which had destroyed the monstrous Colossus that threatened to crush under its weight all the South of France. They entrusted them to pursue this plot through all its ramifications, and not to suffer any rival power to rise up and threaten its dissolution.

A deputation from Commune Afranchi, Lyons, travel for the re-establishment of its Commerce, Manufactures and Trade. Immediately after which, Meiler presented from the Committee of General Safety, a Decree, that la Commune Afranchi should reform its ancient name of LYONS, that it should be declared to be no longer in a state of rebellion and of siege, that the confiscations ordered, should no longer be in force, except as far as it relates to warlike stores, and articles of military equipment already fabricated; but that all other forts of merchandise should be delivered up to their original owners, without requiring certificates of origin.

This Decree was adopted unanimously.

The Convention at the same time decreed that Louis de Sarrat, which had been drawn into the rebellion only by the example of Lyons, was no longer in a state of rebellion.

The Guillotine has not been better treated at St. Maloe's than at Brest. The moment that the catastrophe of Robespierre was known it was broken and burnt.

CHARLES FOX.  
At the head of the once formidable band, denominated the "Opposition," appears Mr. FOX.

Not more liberally endowed by nature with the graces of external figure, or with the elegance of manner and address, than his rival Mr. PITT, he has yet an unknown and undefinable something, which pervades the *charms* of his complexion, and sheds a sort of lustre on his fatum features. Whether it can be termed a smile, I will not venture to assert, but it certainly has the effect upon the heart, which smiles are calculated to produce; that of *inspiring confidence, and exciting complacency*.

Debauched from a monarch, distinguished by this peculiar and characteristic excellence of face, he may perhaps claim an hereditary title to be Son to a Nobleman, as much marked out by *public obloquy and accusation*, whether justly or unjustly acquired, as Lord Clive was by *general favor and admiration*, he cannot look for protection to paternal virtues, or plead the patriotism and disinterestedness of the house of Holland.

Unacquainted in the arts of attaching mankind to his person and fortunes; *steady and ferrent in his friendships*; open and avowed in his enmities; *never abandoning those*, under any circumstances, to whom he is bound by *political ties*, he is deniged by nature for the chief of a party.

Educated in the school of political learning, brought into the Senate before he had attained to manhood, and joining a long experience to the vigour of natural talents; he may be considered as consummate in all that detail of knowledge, only to be acquired by an early initiation into the intricacies of free government.

Possessing powers of eloquence, less copious and brilliant, but perhaps more solid and logical than those of Mr. PITT; he is equally formed to *deprave, to convince, and to seduce*.

Skilled either to trench himself in almost impregnable fortifications; or to carry the *thunder of the war into the lines of the Enemy*, he can with the same facility imitate Scipio or Fabius, or the tribonian rage.

Abandoned in the more early stages of his life to the frenzy of play, and to all the dissipations of youth and unlimited profligacy; a portrait of such defects as he accompanied his riper years, and failed the lustre of his endowments. So far from being like his more fortunate rival, indifferent to the company, or superior to the blamable imitations of women. Mr. Fox does not seem to appear with the company of his former hours, in a phaeon in Hyde Park, or in the first row of a crowded theatre.

Convivial in his nature, and open to social pleasures, he confirms his political triumph over the mind, by his private and personal conquest of the heart. Bold and decided, even to temerity, in his conduct as a minister, he is capable, by turns, of aggrandizing, or of diminishing the Power of the crown; and of justifying by reasons and argument the most plausible, the measure, of whatever nature, which he shall have been fit to adopt.

MADRAS EXCHANGE LOTTERY.  
THE MADRAS EXCHANGE COMMITTEE, finding that their LOTTERY, SCHEME for the two last Years was generally approved, have determined to continue the same SCHEME for the present Year—Their New TICKETS are ready for Sale at their Office, in the Exchange, and the Drawing will commence on the First July, next.  
Madras February 20th 1795. P. M. GASSIN, Sec. to the Committee.

MADRAS EXCHANGE LOTTERY, FOR 1795.

LOTTERY SCHEME. Star Pagodas 100,000.

To be divided into 10,000 Shares or Tickets, at 10 Pagodas each.

1 Prize of . . . . .	Star Pagodas	10000
5 Prizes of . . . . .	2500 each	5000
4 Ditto, of . . . . .	1000	4000
8 Ditto, . . . . .	500	4000
18 Ditto, . . . . .	250	4500
40 Ditto, . . . . .	100	4000
80 Ditto, . . . . .	50	4000
250 Ditto, . . . . .	20	5000
1 Prize allotted the First Drawn,	500	
1 Ditto, ditto. Last Drawn,	5000	
3105 Prizes		
6895 Blanks		
10000 Tickets,	Star Pagodas,	100000

MADRAS LOTTERY,

FOR ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND STAR PAGODAS.

Under the Management and Direction of

- |                                  |                            |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Messa. PORCHER, REDHEAD, and Co. | McDOWALL, FRASER, and HAY, |
| COLT, BAKER, and Co.             | D. CHRISTIAN;              |
| CHASE, SEWELL, and CHASE,        | THOMAS FRASER;             |
| TULLOH, JERRIS, and BRADIE,      | JOHN SMART,                |
| DRING, GORDON, and LUMINGTON,    | SATUR and DE MONTRE,       |
| STEPHENS and COCKELL,            | AVIET SEH.                 |
|                                  | SHARP and HEEFKE, Agents.  |

For the Benefit of the Military Male Asylum, and for erecting a Bridge, for the Accommodation of the Public, over the River, between the Houfe belonging to His Highness the Nabob Umdut-ul-Omrah, Behader, &c. and the Houfe lately occupied by Major Hart.

10,000 Tickets to be divided into Three Classes,

ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING

SCHEME.

THE FIRST CLASS, CONSISTING OF THE FOLLOWING PRIZES, AND NO BLANKS:

1 Prize of	Star Pagodas	2,000
1 Ditto	Ditto	1,000
2 Prizes of	500 each is	3,000
15 Ditto	250	3,750
60 Ditto	50	3,000
100 Ditto	20	2,000
821 Ditto	10	8,210

Also allotted to the Last Drawn Tickets, 540

1,000 Prizes in the First Class, amounting to Star Pagodas } 80,000

THE SECOND CLASS, CONSISTING OF THE FOLLOWING PRIZES, AND NO BLANKS:

1 Prize of	Star Pagodas	3,000
1 Ditto	Ditto	2,000
1 Ditto	Ditto	1,000
5 Prizes of	500 each is	2,500
10 Ditto	200	2,000
20 Ditto	100	2,000
50 Ditto	50	2,500
100 Ditto	25	2,500
682 Ditto	15	10,230

Also allotted to the Last Drawn Tickets, 945

5,000 Prizes in the Second Class, amounting to Star Pags. } 48,000

THE THIRD CLASS, CONSISTING OF 4,500 BLANKS, AND THE FOLLOWING PRIZES:

1 Prize of	Star Pagodas	15,000
1 Ditto	Ditto	10,000
1 Ditto	Ditto	5,000
5 Prizes of	1,000 each is	5,000
10 Ditto	500	5,000
30 Ditto	200	6,000
70 Ditto	100	7,000
100 Ditto	50	5,000
1150 Ditto	10	11,500

Also allotted to the Last Drawn Tickets, 3,400

1,368 Prizes in the Third Class, amounting to Star Pags. } 88,000

4,368 Prizes amounting to Star Pags. 150,000  
5,632 Blanks in the Third Class,

10,000 Tickets, being nearly at the Rate of 1 PRIZE to 14 BLANK.

THE PRICE OF THE TICKET.  
FIRST CLASS, 7 PAGODAS.  
SECOND CLASS, 10 PAGODAS.  
THIRD CLASS, 17 PAGODAS.

COMPUTATION OF THE TICKETS.  
10,000 Tickets at 7 Pags. each, amount to Star Pags. 70,000  
Deduct 1,000 Prizes from the First Class.  
Remains 9,000 Tickets which are to be paid for at 5 Pags. each, 45,000  
Deduct 8,000 Prizes from Second Class,  
Remains 7,000 Tickets which are to be paid for at 5 Pags. each, 35,000  
Star Pagodas 150,000

First Sat. George, March 29th, 1795.